

MISSOURI TOWNS HOLD ELECTIONS

COLUMBIA AND JEFFERSON CITY
DEMOCRATIC; ST. CHARLES
REPUBLICAN.

CONTESTS GENERALLY QUIET

In Many Places Party Lines Were
Not Drawn and Independents
Won—Vote From Va-
rious Towns.

Elections took place yesterday in several cities and towns of Missouri, generally along partisan lines. In some of the towns and in Kansas City special questions were to be settled, such as the voting of bonds for improvements.

In Kansas City the question was whether the city limits should be extended to include Swope park and a large tract of land adjacent. The extension carried by a large majority.

St. Louis City.
St. Louis.—The entire Republican city ticket, including probably 22 members of the house of delegates, were elected Tuesday in one of the greatest landslide in the history of the city, comparing only with the victory of Chauncey Ives Filley in 1897, when Henry Ziegenheim was elected by a plurality of about 10,000. It was conceded that the Democrats weakened their ticket by nominating men for the house of delegates who had been identified with the combine in past administrations.

Cape Girardeau Victors.
Cape Girardeau.—The following ticket was elected in this city: Mayor, M. E. Leaning; marshal, Willie Martin; police judge, Rudolph Bahn; treasurer, Wm. H. Bergman; collector, Ed. Miller; assessor, W. H. Hutter; city attorney, R. H. Whitelaw; councilman, John Brunkhorst. Partisan politics did not enter into the race, as the fight was between the Citizens' ticket and the Industrial ticket. The Citizens' ticket represented for the most part men who are present incumbents, and those who were re-elected were Martin Bahn, Will Hutter and Whitelaw. The mayor elected was on the Industrial ticket.

Rolla Is Nonpartisan.
Rolla.—The nonpartisan city election in Rolla resulted as follows: Mayor, Charles T. Strobach; city collector, W. E. Weber; marshal, T. R. Followill; alderman First ward, F. M. Faulkner; alderman Second ward, Fred McCaw; alderman Third ward, John Stinson. In the Roll school district Dr. S. L. Baysinger and W. D. Jones were elected directors. The returns from the majority of the districts indicate that T. O. Renfro has been elected county school commissioner of Phelps county over John F. Hodge by a good majority.

Joplin Republican.
Joplin.—Republicans elected a majority of the city ticket in Joplin, taking control of the council away from the Democrats by electing seven out of nine councilmen. Officers elected are: Mayor, Guy Humes (Rep.); marshal, John McManam (Rep.); assessor, S. S. Nix (Dem.); collector, Harvey L. Nash (Dem.); police judge, Fred W. Kelsey (Rep.); city attorney, T. C. Hendricks (Dem.). Republicans sent telegrams to Speaker Cannon, thanking him for his influence.

Bevier Goes Republican.
Bevier.—At the municipal election Robert Richards (Rep.) was elected mayor over W. B. Jones (Dem.) by 29 votes; John Donnelly, Citizen anti-saloon candidate, elected marshal by 30 votes; F. O. Delong (Rep.) city clerk by 59 votes; A. D. Pease (Rep.) collector by 44 votes; Z. W. Bland (Dem.) police judge by 1 vote; Thos. Hicklin (Rep.) alderman First ward by 20 votes; L. W. Ryals (Dem.) alderman Second ward by 4 votes; Geo. Whitaker (Rep.) alderman Third ward by 15 votes; W. C. Ruch (Dem.) alderman Fourth ward by 1 vote.

Victors at Elsberry.
Elsberry.—The city election passed off quietly here. The following officers were chosen: Mayor, J. B. Ellis; aldermen, First ward, W. A. Cannon, W. A. Ulery, W. A. Cannon and C. L. Bushman were chosen members of the school board.

Quiet Election at Holden.
Holden.—The election passed off very quietly and a light vote polled. P. A. Schaeffer was elected city attorney and T. N. Cribbons assessor.

Waterproofed Shoes.
Shoes may be waterproofed by first applying a mixture of one part ozokerite, two parts castor oil and enough lampblack to color it, then a mixture of four parts suet, 16 parts olive oil and one part each wax and spermaceti.

To Improve Breed of Horses.
The Japanese government will ask the next diet to appropriate \$175,000 a year to improve the breed of native horses, the money to be expended by the country's racing clubs.

Charles Blum, J. W. Riley, L. L. Bierly and C. M. Baldwin were elected councilmen for two years and G. B. Kirk for one year, to fill vacancy. W. M. Steele and T. H. Miller were elected school directors. The additional levy for high school carried.

Hot Contest at Hermann.
Hermann.—It was a free-for-all race in the city election, neither party having made nominations. Only two aldermen were to be elected and Jul Moebius for the First ward and Michael Neumann for the Second ward won. Theo. Graf and R. E. Kessler were elected school directors for the English school and the following directors for the German school: Chas. Henock, Charles Maushund, Emil Schuch, Gus Eberlin and Charles Fahrner.

Party Lines Not Drawn.
De Soto.—Party lines were not drawn in the election held in this city. Councilmen were elected as follows: First ward, W. G. Goff; Second ward, Henry Maupin; Third ward, Edward Mahoney; Fourth ward, John Hewey. Ernest S. Coxwell and August Frech were elected members of the school board, and a proposition to extend the corporate limits of the city was carried by a large majority, as was also the proposition to increase the levy for school purposes.

Hot Fight at Columbia.
Columbia.—After the hottest municipal campaign in years the entire Democratic ticket, from mayor to aldermen, was elected here by a majority of 400. F. W. Niedermeyer, Republican, and S. F. Conley, Democrat, were chosen members of the Columbia school board at the same election.

Result in California.
California.—At the annual election the following officers were elected: Mayor, J. W. Hunter; aldermen, A. N. Harvey, James Kieley, S. M. Gray, A. H. Chase; assessor, J. B. Smith; marshal, C. C. Meyer; police judge, J. J. Howard; board of education, A. B. Cole and Dr. L. M. Gray; school commissioner, C. J. Ladman 223, E. E. Carey 212.

Rich Hill Winners.
Rich Hill.—The city election passed off very quietly, small majorities resulting in the election of all candidates. The ticket elected was: Alfred Benfield, marshal; S. B. Cole, mayor; S. C. Pettus, city auditor and J. E. Jones, aldermen; Carl Stonebreaker and Joseph McCulloch, school directors.

Result at Glasgow.
Glasgow.—The following city ticket elected here Tuesday: Mayor, W. L. Hannum; councilmen, Gustave Rall, W. B. Stevens, Andrew Blocker, W. B. Nivert, Fred Pryor, B. F. Stuckey and H. A. Stegner; assessor, Henry Borge. The election passed off quietly, though much interest was manifested in the result.

Results at St. James.
St. James.—Election at St. James: Mayor, F. C. Klossner; aldermen—First ward, Henry Bremer; Second ward, W. M. Teneyck; Third ward, O. D. Hall; marshal, Wm. J. Gorman; assessor, J. W. Mills; school directors, three years, R. D. Barber and A. B. Johnson; county school commissioner, J. F. Hodge 329, Prof. T. O. Renfro 11.

New Florence Results.
New Florence.—The election passed off very quietly, a light vote being polled. Aldermen elected were C. A. Rebelle, Thomas Owen, Charles Wilson, Oke Bishop and Howard Ellis; school directors, Elias Bethel and T. L. Cardwell.

Democrats Get Eldorado Springs.
Eldorado Springs.—At the city election held at this place the entire Democratic ticket was elected. Aldermen, O. W. Anson and O. P. Cassidy; school directors, T. W. Hainline and W. F. Fowle.

Warrensburg Democratic.
Warrensburg.—The entire Democratic city ticket was elected here by majorities ranging from 30 to 120. The Democrats also elected councilmen in all four wards and two school directors.

Charleston Republican.
Charleston.—For the first time in the history of this city it has elected Republican candidates for mayor and assessor and an alderman in the Second ward.

Lebanon Goes Republican.
Lebanon.—In the city election held in Lebanon the Republicans elected the entire ticket. Aldermen were the only offices to be filled.

Sedalia Republican.
Sedalia.—In the municipal election the Republicans carried all four wards, electing every candidate by majorities ranging from 10 to 302.

Cholera is being successfully treated in India by a new method, which consists of hypodermic injections of morphine and copious draughts of hot water and hot tea.

In Texas alone prairie dogs annually eat enough grass to feed 1,562,500 cows, according to the federal forestry service.

Furniture with a matt finish can be renovated with a thin solution of white paint in turpentine or by rubbing it over with linseed oil.

MEASURE IS SENT TO ENGROSSMENT

RESOLUTION WITH RIDER PRO-
VIDING FOR PROHIBITION
IN YEAR 1913.

HAWKINS BILL PASSES HOUSE

If This Becomes a Law Cities of 10,
000 or Over, May Law Petition
Vote Separately on
Local Option.

Jefferson City.—By a vote of 86 to 45, the house Friday sent to engrossment the Killen joint and concurrent resolution, submitting the prohibition amendment to the people at the regular election in November 1910. Previous to action on the resolution, an amendment offered by Conran of New Mexico, fixing the time of enforcement of prohibition at Jan. 1, 1913, should the voters adopt the amendment, was made part of the resolution. Conran explained this on the ground it will give the owners of property affected time to dispose of it. The Conran amendment was adopted, 79 to 42.

After the engrossment was disposed of, Killen moved that passage of the measure be made a special order for 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. This was overwhelmingly carried.

Voting Machine Bill Passes.

Jefferson City.—By a vote of 20 to 2 the senate adopted a joint and concurrent resolution by Senator Methudy, of St. Louis, under the terms of which the municipalities may be empowered to adopt voting machines. The resolution provides for the submission of a constitutional amendment at the 1910 election validating the use of such machines. The measures does not mention any particular device, but provides for the adoption of some mechanical construction for receiving and counting ballots, such as will meet with the requirements of law regarding the secrecy of the ballot.

Senator Methudy told the senate that he had in mind the Massachusetts voting machines, but device along that line would meet the requirements of his measure.

"It seems to me," interjected Senator Bradley, of St. Francois, "in view of the returns from yesterday's St. Louis election, that you St. Louis Republicans are already well supplied with voting machines."

Senate For Justices' Bill.

The Justices of the peace bill had a better run before the senate committee on judiciary than did the municipal courts bill, which was reported adversely after being favorably agreed to. The Justices bill was reported favorably after a Neil Ryan, D. G. Taylor, E. T. Jones and Sam B. McPherson, secretary of the St. Louis Bar association, spent an hour telling the committee of the improved measure.

The four St. Louis lawyers explained the working of the proposed courts. Each of the justices will get \$4500, while the chief justice gets \$500 more.

Antidiscrimination Bill.

Jefferson City.—The antidiscrimination bill, to prevent railroads from carrying an interstate passenger cheaper than one going from point to point within the state, was given a hearing by the senate committee on railroads. The hearing attracted a greater number of railroad lobbyists and railroad attorneys than any other held by the committee. The bill imposes a fine of \$1000 for each offense, and authorizes the passenger to sue for and recover damages.

The bill was drawn up by Attorney General Major, and is classed as one of the administration measures. A favorable report from the committee is expected.

Hawkins Bill Passes.

The house Friday morning passed the Hawkins local option bill, 79 to 41. This bill amends the local option law and provides that counties outside of cities of 10,000 may, upon petition to the county courts, vote separately upon the subject of prohibition. The present law provides that towns of 2,500 are not compelled to vote on local option with the remainder of the county.

Senate Votes for New Capitol.

The senate passed the constitutional amendment providing for a new \$5,000,000 capitol in Jefferson City. The proposition will be submitted to the voters of the state if the house takes similar action.

Gompers Plan is Opposed.

The Democratic senate has not a large degree of confidence in the anti-injunction bill, as it has agreed to report the measure out. This is the Gompers plank contended for at the Republican and the Democratic National conventions.

The ways and means committee of the senate instead of preparing a draft of either the Buford or the Grimes bill providing for a tax on distilled liquors decided to kill the measures.

Vote on Prohibition Asked.

Jefferson City.—Although Lieutenant Governor Gmelch has sufficiently recovered from his recent illness to visit the capitol Thursday, he did not feel able to preside over the session of the senate, and this duty fell to Senator Fields, of Linn. Contrary to expectations, there was a quorum at the forenoon session, but under a previous agreement no bills were called for final consideration until afternoon.

Petitions for the submission of a prohibition amendment were submitted from the following counties: Jefferson, Taney, Montgomery, Laclede, Charlton, Duaklin, Cape Girardeau, Stoddard, Monroe, Madison and Greene.

The committee on agriculture submitted a favorable report on Senator Peck's bill for the establishment of a state agricultural high school, but as the measure carries an appropriation and its author consented, the senate sent it to the committee on appropriations.

Cattle Bill Goes to Hadley.

Jefferson City.—Before opponents knew what was going on Representative Brooks of St. Louis county substituted a senate bill providing for indemnity for destroyed diseased cattle for a house bill when the latter came up for passage, and the measure was then put beyond the power of the legislature to prevent its becoming a law.

The senate bill passed that body. Then it went over to the house, and when the house bill came up for consideration Brooks substituted the senate bill, passed it with 108 votes and no opposition, moved to reconsider and table, and then tabled the old house bill. The measure awaits the signature of Gov. Hadley. Advocates of pure milk favor the bill.

St. Louis Salaries Raised.

Jefferson City.—The house passed a bill raising the salary of the license collector of St. Louis from \$3,000 to \$4,000 per year. Other positions of the office were increased in proportion, the chief deputy to \$2,500, assistant deputy to \$1,800, clerks \$100 and inspectors \$75 monthly. Representative Schueddig, of St. Louis, fathered the measure.

"The bill places the office of license collector on the same basis as other city offices of equal importance," said Mr. Schueddig. "It will not apply to the present officials."

Oppose Distilled Liquor Tax.

Jefferson City.—Capt. John C. Parker and F. H. Kohring of St. Louis were here before the senate committee on ways and means, to oppose the bill introduced by Senator Grimes, providing for an inspection tax upon distilled liquors sold or manufactured in the state. The bill provides that the inspection shall be lodged with the beer inspection department. Capt. Parker pointed out some of the difficulties of inspecting whisky.

To Engross Engineer Bill.

Jefferson City.—The house of representatives Saturday morning ordered engrossed a committee substitute for about 15 bills affecting the office of county highway engineers in Missouri. This substitute makes it optional with all counties, except St. Louis, Jackson and Buchanan, to retain or abolish the office. In those counties the county surveyor shall also perform the duties of highway engineer. The office of state highway engineer is retained.

Goes After Theater Trust.

Jefferson City.—The Anamosa "anti-trust" theatrical bill was sent to engrossment in the house Saturday. A fine of \$100 to \$500 is to be assessed against the owner of any theater who discriminates against any reputable play.

Under the provisions of the bill, all managers of playhouses that keep a list of all bookings for public inspection, and, upon demand, shall furnish the house to reputable bookings on open dates.

Requires Train Bulletins.

The senate passed a bill by Senator Wilson which is intended to make railroad agents give information to passengers relative to delays or passenger trains at the several stations. The bill requires agents to bulletin every 30 minutes delays of all passenger trains.

House Hits Roads' Plans.

Jefferson City.—Another phase of the passenger rate situation in this state was emphasized in the house of representatives Saturday when that body, by a unanimous vote, ordered engrossed the bill giving the state railway commissioners authority to fix passenger fares.

Architect Commission Bill Passes.

Jefferson City.—The senate Thursday passed the Anderson bill creating a state commission of five members to examine architects. Every architect will be required, under the terms of the proposed law, to pay a license of \$25 a year.

Report Jim Crow Bill.

Jefferson City.—The railroad committee Thursday reported without recommendation, Senator Oliver's "Jim Crow" bill requiring railroads to provide separate coaches for negro passengers.

When it comes up for engrossment an effort will be made to have the bill include street cars in cities.

The bill probably will pass the senate, but is practically certain to meet its Waterloo in the Republican house.

PATTEN NODS AND PRICES ADVANCE

PIT SHOWS RENEWED EXCITEMENT AS HEAVY BUYING
SENDS VALUES HIGHER.

ALL EYES ON WHEAT KING

Flour Prices to Advance—Millers
Assert Market Manipulation and
Heavy Exports Are Cause
of Rising Prices.

Chicago.—Which way will "Jim" Patten jump? This was the question all the board of trade brokers were asking Monday when the market opened. His sudden change of front Saturday when without warning he began to buy enormous quantities of July and September wheat after he had unloaded several million bushels of his May holdings, has taught the traders to watch the "king of the wheat pit" closely.

At the opening of the market today there was no indication of a break in the record breaking price of July and September wheat. July maintained its advantage of Saturday, while September bettered its Saturday advance and topped the 108 mark. Trading in the pit, however, was not extensive at the outset and every one seemed to be waiting on Patten.

Shortly after the opening, however, the market broadened and every one bought at once. There was almost as much excitement in the pit as during the wild closing hour Saturday when prices advanced from 2½ to 4 cents. By 10:30 May wheat had touched \$1.26, July 1.15½ and September 1.08½.

The wave of buying was precipitated chiefly by the bad crop news from the Southwest, where heavy rains are falling. Later there was enormous selling of July wheat, but the public appears to have got hold of the market and with such a great demand for all futures the market was scarcely affected. In the broad market it is difficult to tell just what the Patten and the other big houses are doing. The bull leader, however, is credited with having bought July at the opening figures and selling it on the resultant bulge.

Millers stated Monday that if the present unprecedented wheat prices continue the price of patent flour in a month will have advanced from \$3 to \$4 a barrel. The lower grades of flour have already advanced from \$1 to \$1.50 a barrel and patent flour from \$1.50 to \$2.

The millers declare there are two direct causes for this. One is the manipulation of the market by Patten and the bulls; and the other the enormous amount of exporting that has been done. They declare that so much flour has been shipped abroad that the local market has been drained, and that this, coming on top of the Patten deal, has made for higher prices. Already, they declare, the millers have been very much affected and sales have fallen off. Should present prices be maintained they say they would not be surprised to see sales drop off 25 per cent.

NIAGARA'S VOICE MUTE.

Great Falls Are Silent for Second
Time in the Memory of
Man.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The voice of Niagara is mute for the second time in the memory of man. The river is frozen solid from bank to bank.

On Wednesday the worst case of the season was reported. Solid ice fields of Lake Erie were churned from end to end and piled in a huge mass at the lower end of the lake.

At Niagara Falls there has been a heavy ice bridge in the pool below the cataract since middle of winter.

Under the impact of the mass of ice from the lake above and the added floes brought through by the wind the ice bridge gave way and began to surge down ice rapids. But before it could win freedom in the ample waters of Lake Ontario, the wind shifted to the north.

Instantly the moving floes packed at the mouth of the river. Each instant of cold congealed the pack more solidly and each hour brought added pressure from above.

Unable to escape by its natural channels, the level of the river rose by leaps and bounds. The highest flood level recorded is 28 feet above the normal. Friday night the river was 40 feet above normal.

Swinburne Burial at Home.

London.—According to the Times, Swinburne's body will be buried Thursday at Bonchurch, Isle of Wight, where other members of the Swinburne family have been laid at rest. The English newspapers pay the highest tribute to Swinburne.

Kills Chum at Cards.

Chicago.—As the result of a fight over a game of cards, Henry Hiesterman early Monday shot and killed his life-long friend, Joseph Black, and then committed suicide.

AFTER SUFFERING TEN YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

MARLTON, N. J.—I feel that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has

given me new life.

I suffered for ten

years with serious

female troubles, in-

flammation, ulceration,

indigestion, nervousness,

and could not sleep.

Doctors gave me

up, as they said my

troubles were

chronic. I was in

despair, and did not

care whether I lived

or died, when I read about Lydia E.

Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; so I

began to take it, and am well again and

relieved of all my suffering."—Mrs.

George Jompy, Box 40, Marlton, N. J.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-

ound, made from native roots and

herbs, contains no narcotics or harm-

ful drugs, and to-day holds the record

for the largest number of actual cures

of female diseases we know of, and

thousands of voluntary testimonials are

on file in the Pinkham laboratory at

Lynn, Mass., from women who have

been cured from almost every form of

female complaints, inflammation, ul-

ceration, displacements, fibroids, tumors,

irregularities, periodical pains, backache,

indigestion and nervous prostration.

Every suffering woman owes it to her-

self to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vege-

table Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice

about your case write a confidential

letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at

Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free,

and always helpful.

FAIRLY WARNED.

"See here, kid, if I ever catches you

cryin' like dat big booby here, I'll dis-

own you and cut you off without a

penny. See!"

Laundry work at home would be
much more satisfactory if the right
Starch were used. It is usually neces-
sary to use so much starch that the
beauty and fineness of the fabric is
hidden behind a paste of varying
thickness, which not only destroys the
appearance, but also affects the wear-
ing quality of the goods. This trou-
ble can be entirely overcome by using
Dettie's Starch, as it can be applied
much more thinly because of its great
strength than other makes.

Harris' Great Good Humor.

"No man ever maintained his life at
a higher level of perpetual good
humor," writes James W. Lee of Joel
Chandler Harris in the Century. "The
day before he died, when he was al-
ready beginning to pass into the dark
valley of death, one of his sons came
into the room and inquired: 'How are
you this morning, father?'"

"Well," responded Mr. Harris, "I am
about the extent of a tenth of a goat's
eyebrow better!"

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine
wash goods when new, owe much of
their attractiveness to the way they
are laundered, this being done in a
manner to enhance their textile beau-
ty. Home laundering would be equal-
ly satisfactory if proper attention was
given to starching, the first essential
being good Starch, which has sufficient
strength to stiffen, without thickening
the goods. Try Dettie's Starch and
you will be pleasantly surprised at the
improved appearance of your work.

Morals and Manners.

The witness had been arraigned for
perjury.

"Your honor," he complained, "this
is most unjust. I never could permit
an absurd devotion to truth to inter-
fere with the fact that I am a gentle-
man."

This was construed roughly as a
plea of guilty.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smart-
ing, Tired, Aching, Hot, Sweating Feet,
Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-
Ease, a powder to be shaken into the
shoes. Cures while you walk. At all Drug-
stores and Shoe Stores, Etc. Don't accept
any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Ad-
dress: Allen E. Ormsdell, LeRoy, N. Y.

Linguistic Resources.

"Is this story you are telling me of
hill-climbing, a true one?"

"Yes, it is on the level."

Its KING.

"This squib about people's hanging
on to straps in street cars—"

"Oh, that's a standing joke."

Pettit's Eye Salve for 25c.

relieves tired, overworked eyes, stops eye
aches, congested, inflamed or sore eyes. All
druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The half of the world that gets
along is unable to understand why the
other half is always short.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar is
good quality all the time. Your dealer or
Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Stealing away from bad company is
justifiable larceny.